Keys Gate Charter High School (A Component Unit of the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida)

Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Keys Gate Charter High School

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Keys Gate Charter High School Homestead, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Keys Gate Charter High School (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School, as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position, and budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 1, the financial statements of the School are intended to present the financial position and change in financial position of only that portion of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. that is attributable to the transactions of the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2015 and the changes in its financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year ended June 30, 2015 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 6 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated August 27, 2015, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keefe McCullough
KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida August 27, 2015

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Keys Gate Charter High School (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida (the "School Board",) we offer readers of the School's basic financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014.

Management's discussion and analysis is included at the beginning of the School's basic financial statements to provide, in layman's terms, the current position of the School's financial condition. This summary should not be taken as a replacement for the audit which consists of the basic financial statements.

Financial Highlights

Our basic financial statements provide these insights into the results of the year's operations.

- The net position (deficit) of the School as of June 30, 2015 was \$ (2,680,519) as compared to \$ (2,564,367) as of June 20, 2014.
- As of June 30, 2015, the School's governmental fund balance was \$ 1,007,128 as compared to \$ 778,175 as of June 30, 2014.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements. The School's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide basic financial statements, 2) fund basic financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Basic Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the School's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the School's net position changed during the year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g. uncollected revenues and services rendered but unpaid).

The government-wide basic financial statements include all governmental activities that are principally supported by grants and entitlements from the state for full-time equivalent funding. The School does not have any business-type activities. The governmental activities of the School primarily include instruction and instructional support services.

The government-wide basic financial statements can be found on pages 7 and 8 of this report.

Fund Basic Financial Statements: A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds: Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide basic financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide basic financial statements, governmental fund basic financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the School's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balance provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and change in fund balances. The General Fund, Special Revenue Fund and Capital Project Fund are considered to be the School's major funds.

The School adopts an annual budget for its governmental funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 9 through 14 of this report.

Agency Fund: In addition, the School has one agency fund which is a student activity fund. This fund was formed for educational and school purposes.

The Agency Fund financial statement can be found on page 15 of this report. The assets and liabilities of this fund are not included in the government-wide statement of net position.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements: The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to basic financial statements can be found on pages 16 through 24 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The School has been in operation for five years; therefore, comparative government-wide data is presented. The School's net position (deficit) was \$ (2,680,519) at June 30, 2015. Of this amount, \$ 977,291 represented unrestricted net position and \$ (3,657,810) represented net investment in capital assets (deficit). The School's net position (deficit) was \$ (2,564,367) at June 30, 2014, of which \$ (3,324,148) represented net investment in capital assets (deficit) and \$ 759,781 unrestricted.

Our analysis in the table below focuses on the net position of the School's governmental activities:

Keys Gate Charter High School Net Position (Deficit)

		June 30, 2015		June 30, 2014
ASSETS:	•			
Current and other assets	\$	1,442,860	\$	1,263,558
Capital assets, net of depreciation	_	16,700,140	_	17,230,294
Total assets		18,143,000		18,493,852
LIABILITIES:				
Current liabilities		696,588		721,233
Noncurrent liabilities		20,126,931		20,336,986
Total liabilities		20,823,519		21,058,219
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):				
Net investment in capital assets (deficit)		(3,657,810)		(3,324,148)
Unrestricted		977,291		759,781
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(2,680,519)	\$	(2,564,367)

Governmental Activities: The results of this year's operations for the School as a whole are reported in the statement of activities on page 8. The following table provides a condensed presentation of the School's revenues and expenses for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

Keys Gate Charter High School Change in Net Position

	_	June 30, 2015	_	June 30, 2014
REVENUES: General revenues Program revenues	\$	7,805,109 1,112,871	\$	7,283,668 1,177,647
Total revenues	-	8,917,980	-	8,461,315
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAM EXPENSES: Instruction		3,454,717		3,539,716
Instructional support services Operation of non-instructional services	_	2,235,751 3,343,664	_	1,999,435 2,877,060
Total governmental activities		9,034,132	-	8,416,211
Change in net position (deficit)	\$	(116,152)	\$	45,104

Governmental Fund Expenditures

In the table below, we have presented the cost of the largest functions/programs as a percentage of total governmental expenditures:

		20	015			2014			
Functions/Programs	_	Expenditures	_	Percent	_	Expenditures	_	Percent	
Governmental expenditures:									
Instructional expenditures	\$	3,137,316		36.1%	\$	3,199,799		40.3%	
Plant operations and maintenance		857,592		9.9%		793,957		10.0%	
Food services		464,955		5.4%		419,578		5.3%	
Facilities acquisition and construction		190,941		2.2%		227,832		2.9%	
Debt service		1,972,486		22.7%		1,824,378		23.0%	
All other functions/programs	_	2,065,737	_	23.7%	_	1,476,090	_	18.5%	
Total governmental expenditures	\$_	8,689,027		100.0%	\$_	7,941,634		100.0%	

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets: At June 30, 2015, the School had capital assets of \$ 16,700,140, net of accumulated depreciation, invested in buildings, leasehold improvements, computer equipment, and furniture, fixtures and equipment.

Debt: At June 30, 2015 the School had debt of \$ 20,368,251. More information about the School's debt can be found on page 22 of this report.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The School ended the year with an increase in fund balance of approximately \$ 229,000 which was favorable to budget by approximately \$ 633,000. The main driver of this favorable variance was due to savings in instructional salaries and materials.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The State of Florida is projecting an increase in Florida Education Finance Program funding for the next fiscal year of approximately 3%. This increase will be offset by a reduction in Public Education Capital Outlay, a funding pool which includes all charter schools.

Expenditures are budgeted in proportion to enrollment as well as strategic objectives at the School. In addition, a 2% salary increase pool has been built into the budget for all eligible school staff.

Requests for Information

If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, please write Hillary Daigle, Controller; Charter Schools USA; 800 Corporate Drive, Suite 124; Ft. Lauderdale, Florida 33334.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

	Governmental Activities
Current Assets:	\$ 997,874
Cash and cash equivalents Other receivables	\$ 997,874 290,585
Due from management company	31,661
Due from other governments	41,323
Due from Agency Fund	2,618
Prepaids and other assets	47,206
Restricted cash	10,301
Deposits	21,292
·	<u> </u>
Total current assets	1,442,860
Noncurrent Assets:	
Capital assets (depreciable), net of accumulated depreciation	16,700,140
Total assets	18,143,000
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	85,703
Salaries and wages payable	334,027
Due to related party	16,002
Compensated absences	14,652
Capital lease	246,204
Total current liabilities	696,588
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Compensated absences	4,884
Capital lease	20,122,047
Total noncurrent liabilities	20,126,931
Total liabilities	20,823,519
Commitments (Notes 9 and 11)	-
Net Position (Deficit):	
Net investment in capital assets (deficit)	(3,657,810)
Unrestricted	977,291
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (2,680,519)

	Expenses	-	Charges for Services	G	ram Revenu Operating rants and Intributions	G	Capital rants and ntributions		Activities Net Revenue (Expense) and Change in Net Position
Functions/Programs:									
Instruction	\$ 3,454,717	\$	_	\$	155,074	\$	_	\$	(3,299,643)
Pupil personnel services	161,273	т	_	7	-	т	_	7	(161,273)
Instruction and curriculum									(===)=;=;
development services	65,295		-		-		-		(65,295)
Instructional staff training services	10,047		-		-		-		(10,047)
Instruction related technology	104,176		-		-		-		(104,176)
School board	22,169		-		-		-		(22,169)
School administration	433,231		-		-		-		(433,231)
Fiscal services	936,295		-		-		-		(936,295)
Food services	464,955		27,499		409,784		-		(27,672)
Central services	50,041		-		-		-		(50,041)
Pupil transportation services	189,000		-		-		-		(189,000)
Operation of plant	1,113,138		-		-		-		(1,113,138)
Maintenance of plant	159,591		-		-		-		(159,591)
Community services	94,210		7,089		-		-		(87,121)
Interest on long-term debt	1,775,994	_	-	_	-	_	513,425		(1,262,569)
Total governmental									
activities	\$ 9,034,132	\$_	34,588	\$_	564,858	\$_	513,425		(7,921,261)
	General revent Grants and en Miscellaneous		6,973,782 831,327						
	Total general revenues								7,805,109
	Change in net position (deficit)								(116,152)
	Net position (c	lefic	it), July 1, 20	014					(2,564,367)
	Net position (c	lefic	tit), June 30,	201	5			\$	(2,680,519)

	_	General Fund	_	Special Revenue Fund	_	Capital Project Fund	_	Total
Assets: Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Other receivables Due from management company Due from Agency Fund Due from other funds Prepaids and other assets Restricted cash Deposits	\$	997,874 - 290,585 31,661 2,618 41,323 47,206 10,301 21,292	\$	- - - - - - -	\$	- 41,323 - - - - - -	\$	997,874 41,323 290,585 31,661 2,618 41,323 47,206 10,301 21,292
Total assets	\$_	1,442,860	\$_		\$=	41,323	\$=	1,484,183
Liabilities: Accounts payable Salaries and wages payable Due to other school Due to other funds Total liabilities Commitments (Notes 9 and 11)	\$ _	85,703 334,027 16,002 - 435,732	\$ _ _	- - - - -	\$ _	- - - 41,323 41,323	\$ _	85,703 334,027 16,002 41,323 477,055
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Prepaids and other assets Deposits Restricted for capital projects Assigned for subsequent year's budget Unassigned Total fund balances	_	47,206 21,292 10,301 328,846 599,483 1,007,128	_	- - - - -	_	- - - - -	_	47,206 21,292 10,301 328,846 599,483 1,007,128
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	1,442,860	\$_		\$_	41,323	\$_	1,484,183

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position (Deficit) are Different Because:

Total fund balance of governmental funds, page 9

\$ 1,007,128

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund.

Cost of capital assets Less accumulated depreciation \$ 19,381,108 (2,680,968)

16,700,140

Liabilities not payable with current available resources are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental fund statements. All liabilities both current and long-term, are reported in the government-wide statements.

Compensated absences Capital lease payable

(19,536) (20,368,251)

Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities, Page 7

\$ (2,680,519)

	_	General Fund	-	Special Revenue Fund	_	Capital Project Fund	_	Total
Revenues:								
Federal through state	\$	-	\$	408,010	\$	-	\$	408,010
State sources		7,128,856		1,774		513,425		7,644,055
Local sources	_	865,915	_	-	_			865,915
			_					
Total revenues	_	7,994,771	-	409,784	_	513,425	_	8,917,980
Expenditures:								
Instruction		3,137,316		-		-		3,137,316
Pupil personnel services		161,273		-		-		161,273
Instruction and curriculum		,						,
development services		65,295		-		-		65,295
Instructional staff								
training services		10,047		-		-		10,047
Instruction related technology		104,176		-		-		104,176
School Board		22,169		-		-		22,169
School administration		433,231		-		-		433,231
Facilities acquisition								
and construction		190,941		-		-		190,941
Fiscal services		936,295		-		-		936,295
Food services		55 <i>,</i> 171		409,784		-		464,955
Central services		50,041		-		-		50,041
Pupil transportation services		189,000		-		-		189,000
Operation of plant		698,001		-		-		698,001
Maintenance of plant		159,591		-		-		159,591
Community services		94,210		-		-		94,210
Debt service:								
Principal		229,778		-		-		229,778
Interest	_	1,229,283	_		_	513,425	_	1,742,708
Total expenditures	_	7,765,818	_	409,784	_	513,425	_	8,689,027
Not change in								
Net change in fund balances		220 UE2						226 UES
Tuttu Datatices		228,953		-		-		228,953
Fund Balances, July 1, 2014	_	778,175	_		_		_	778,175
Fund Balances, June 30, 2015	\$_	1,007,128	\$_	-	\$_		\$_	1,007,128

The accompanying notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of these statements

Keys Gate Charter High School
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues,
Expenditures and Change in Fund Balances
of the Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:

Statement of Activities are Different Because:				
Change in fund balances - governmental funds, page 11			\$	228,953
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives as provision for depreciation.				
Cost of capital assets	\$	190,941		
Provision for depreciation	_	(721,095)		(530,154)
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do no require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental further states.	ore			
Compensated absences				(11,443)
Provision for amortization of costs				(00.000)
associated with capital lease				(33,286)
Repayment of debt principal			_	229,778
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities, Page 8			\$ _	(116,152)

	_	Original Budget	_	Final Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance
Revenues:								
State sources	\$	7,609,585	\$	7,609,585	\$	7,481,715	\$	(127,870)
Local sources	_	584,000	_	584,000	_	865,915	_	281,915
Total revenues	_	8,193,585	_	8,193,585	_	8,347,630	_	154,045
Expenditures:								
Instruction		3,687,743		3,153,844		3,137,316		550,427
Pupil personnel services		218,318		218,318		161,273		57,045
Instructional media services		6,000		6,000		-		6,000
Instruction and curriculum		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		-,				-,
development services		128,000		128,000		65,295		62,705
Instructional staff		,		,		,		,
training services		20,802		20,802		10,047		10,755
Instruction related technology		122,268		122,268		104,176		18,092
School Board		23,500		23,500		22,169		1,331
School administration		378,526		912,425		433,231		(54,705)
Fiscal services		531,086		931,086		936,295		(5,209)
Food services		-		-		55,171		(55,171)
Central services		392,579		392,579		402,900		(10,321)
Pupil transportation services		158,760		158,760		189,000		(30,240)
Operation of plant		630,087		630,087		698,001		(67,914)
Maintenance of plant		150,795		150,795		159,591		(8,796)
Community services		75,000		75,000		94,210		(19,210)
Facilities acquisition								
and construction		200,969		200,969		190,941		10,028
Debt service:								
Principal		229,778		229,778		229,778		-
Interest	_	1,243,759	_	1,243,759	_	1,229,283	-	14,476
Total expenditures	_	8,197,970	_	8,597,970	_	8,118,677	_	479,293
Net change in								
fund balance	\$=	(4,385)	\$ =	(404,385)	\$ =	228,953	\$ =	633,338

Keys Gate Charter High School Statement of Revenues and Expenditures Budget and Actual - Special Revenue Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

	_	Original and Final Budget	_	Actual	_	Variance
Revenues: Federal sources: National School Lunch Program	\$	157,322	\$	408,010	\$	250,688
State sources: National School Lunch Program	_		_	1,774	-	1,774
Total revenues	_	157,322	_	409,784	-	252,462
Expenditures: Food services	_	157,322		409,784	_	(252,462)
Total expenditures	_	157,322	_	409,784	_	(252,462)
Net change in fund balance	\$_	-	\$	-	\$_	-

	Student Activity
Assets:	
Cash	\$ 58,653
Total assets	\$ 58,653
Liabilities:	
Due to General Fund	\$ 2,618
Due to students	56,035
Total liabilities	\$ 58,653

Note 1 - Organization and Operations

Keys Gate Charter High School (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida, was established in July 2010 as a public charter school to serve students from ninth to twelfth grade in Miami-Dade County. The School is sponsored by its charter-holder, Renaissance Charter School, Inc. (the "REN"), a Florida nonprofit corporation organized in August 1998. As of June 30, 2015, 1,122 students were enrolled in the School.

The basic financial statements of the School present only the balances, activity and disclosures related to the School. They do not purport to, and do not, present fairly the financial position of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. as of June 30, 2015, and its changes in financial position or budgetary comparisons, where applicable, for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Renaissance Charter School, Inc. (Note 10) is an entity created to fund the purchase of the facility housing the School's operations. Accordingly, these basic financial statements only include balances, activity and disclosures related to the School.

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Reporting entity: The School operates under a charter granted by the sponsoring School Board, the School Board of Miami-Dade County. The current charter is effective until June 2020, and may be renewed in increments of five years by mutual written agreement between the School and the School Board. At the end of the term of the charter, the School Board may choose not to renew the charter under grounds specified in the charter, in which case the School Board is required to notify the School in writing at least ninety days prior to the charter's expiration. During the term of the charter, the School Board may also terminate the charter if good cause is shown. Keys Gate Charter High School is considered a component unit of the School Board of Miami-Dade County.

The School may also be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the School regardless of whether the organization has a separately elected governing board, a governing board appointed by another government, or a jointly approved board. In addition, component units can be other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the School are such that exclusion would cause the basic financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

As a result of evaluating the above criteria, management has determined that no component units exist for which the School is financially accountable which would require inclusion in the School's basic financial statements.

Basis of presentation: Based on the guidance provided in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide - Not-for-Profit Organizations and Provisions of Section 228.056(9), Florida Statutes, the School is presented as a governmental organization for financial statement reporting purposes.

Government-wide basic financial statements: The School's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the School as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the School's major fund). Both the government-wide and fund basic financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business-type. All of the School's activities are classified as governmental activities.

In the government-wide statement of net position, the governmental activities column is presented on a consolidated basis, if applicable, and is reported on a full-accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all noncurrent assets and receivables as well as all noncurrent debt and obligations.

The government-wide statement of activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the School's functions. The net costs, by function, are also supported by general revenues (unrestricted contributions, investment earnings, miscellaneous revenue, etc.). The statement of activities reduces gross expenses (including provision for depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants and contributions. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants. For the year ended June 30, 2015 the School had program revenues of \$ 1,112,871.

This government-wide focus is more on the ability to sustain the School as an entity and the change in the School's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

Fund financial statements: The accounts of the School are organized on the basis of funds. The operations of the funds are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund balance, revenues and expenditures.

The School reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This fund is used to account for all operating activities of the School except for those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Revenue Fund - This fund is used to account for federal grants and certain state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Capital Project Fund - This fund is used to account for state capital outlay funding that is legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Measurement focus and basis of accounting: Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied. Governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the governmental-wide statement uses the economic resources measurement focus.

Governmental activity in the government-wide basic financial statements is presented on the full-accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.

The governmental funds basic financial statements are presented on the modified-accrual basis of accounting under which revenue is recognized in the accounting period in which it becomes susceptible to accrual (i.e., when it becomes both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within sixty days after year-end or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Cash and cash equivalents: The School considers all demand accounts and money market funds which are not subject to withdrawal restrictions to be cash and cash equivalents.

The School maintains its cash accounts with one financial institution. The School's accounts at this institution, at times, may exceed the federally insured limit. The School has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk (Note 3).

Prepaid items: Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

Due to and due from other funds: Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recoded by all funds in the period in which transactions are executed. The balances result from the time lag between dates that interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

Revenue recognition: Student funding is provided by the State of Florida through the School Board. Such funding is recorded as entitlement revenue in the government-wide financial statements and state source revenue in the fund financial statements and is net of a 5% administration fee retained by the School Board. This funding is received on a prorata basis over a twelve month period and is adjusted for changes in full-time equivalent (FTE) student population.

Income taxes: The School is a division of a nonprofit corporation. Revenue of the School is derived primarily from other governmental entities. The School is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been made in these basic financial statements.

Capital assets: Property and equipment purchased or acquired are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Capital assets are defined by the School as assets with an initial cost of \$ 750 and useful life of over one year. Donated property and equipment are valued at the estimated fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation on all capital assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Building	45 years
Leasehold improvements	10 years
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5 years
Computer equipment	3 years

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources: In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category.

Unearned revenue: Unearned revenue arises when the School receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

Compensated absences: The School's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused paid time off, which is eligible for payment upon separation from service. The liability for such leave is reported as incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for those amounts is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable. Payments for compensated absences are generally paid out of the General Fund.

Net position: Net position is classified in three categories. The general meaning of each is as follows:

- Net investment in capital assets represents the difference between the cost of capital assets, less accumulated depreciation reduced by any outstanding balances of borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- Restricted consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted indicates that portion of net position that is available to fund future operations.

Fund balance: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance classifications and also sets a hierarchy which details how the School may spend funds based on certain constraints. The following are the fund balance classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements:

- Nonspendable this classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The School classifies inventories, prepaid items, long-term notes receivable and deposits as nonspendable since they are not expected to be converted to cash or are not expected to be converted to cash within the next year.
- Restricted this classification includes amounts that are restricted for specific purposes by external parties such as grantors and creditors or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed this classification includes amounts that can be used for specific purposes voted on through formal action of the Board of Directors (the highest level of decision making authority). The committed amount cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the commitment through formal action.
- Assigned this classification includes amounts that the Board of Directors intends to use for a specific purpose but they are neither restricted nor committed. The School classifies existing fund balance to be used in the subsequent year's budget for elimination of a deficit as assigned.

 Unassigned - this classification includes amounts that have not been restricted, committed or assigned for a specific purpose within the General Fund.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet on page 9.

When the School incurs expenditures for which restricted or unrestricted fund balance is available, the School would consider restricted funds to be spent first. When the School has expenditures for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balance is available, the School would consider committed funds to be spent first, then assigned funds and lastly unassigned funds.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budget: An operating budget is adopted and maintained by the governing board for the School pursuant to the requirements of Florida Statutes. The budget is adopted using the same basis of accounting that is used in the preparation of the basic financial statements, except for the reporting of a 5% administration fee retained by the School Board.

A reconciliation of the General Fund presented on a budgetary basis to the amount presented in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) is as follows:

		Revenues	_	Expenditures	
Budgetary basis, page 13	\$	8,347,630	\$	8,118,677	
Less: 5% administration fee retained by the School District included as revenues and expenditures on a					
budgetary basis	_	(352,859)	_	(352,859)	
GAAP basis, page 11	\$	7,994,771	\$_	7,765,818	

Date of management review: Subsequent events were evaluated by management through August 27, 2015 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Deposits

At June 30, 2015, the carrying amount of the deposits and cash on hand totaled \$ 1,056,527 with a bank balance of \$ 1,105,475.

State statutes require, and it is the School's policy, that all deposits be made into, and be held by, financial institutions designated by the Treasurer of the State of Florida as "qualified public depositories" as defined by Chapter 280 of the Florida Statutes. This Statute requires that every qualified public depository institution maintain eligible collateral to secure the public entity's funds. The minimum collateral to be pledged by an institution, the collateral eligible for pledge, and reporting requirements of the qualified public depositor to the Treasurer is defined by the Statute. Collateral is pooled in a multiple qualified public depository institution pool with the ability to assess members of the pool should the need arise. The School's deposits are held in a qualified public depository. They are covered by the collateral pool as the School has identified itself as a public entity at June 30, 2015.

Note 4 - Other Receivables

Other receivables consists of an amount due from Red Apple at Homestead High School, LLC for payments the School made in relation to a ground lease in place for the land on which the School facility was built.

Note 5 - Due From Other Governments

Due from other governments at June 30, 2015 consists of an amount due from the Florida Department of Education for capital outlay funds.

Note 6 - Due To Other School

The School and Keys Gate Charter School ("KGCS") share teachers, administrative staff, as well as share expenses relative to their facility. As of June 30, 2015 the basic financial statements include an amount due to KGCS of \$ 16,002.

Note 7 - Restricted Cash

In June 2011, Renaissance Charter School, Inc. borrowed funds for construction of facilities for several of their schools, including Keys Gate Charter High School (Notes 9 and 11). The School has \$ 10,301 held by the trustee at June 30, 2015, which represents amounts held in trust for capital outlay.

Note 8 - Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Balance July 1,					Balance June 30,
	•				Deletions	2015
Capital assets, depreciable:				•		
Buildings	\$ 17,706,062	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 17,706,062
Leasehold improvements	86,152		21,550		-	107,702
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	878,615		44,516		-	923,131
Computer equipment	519,338		124,875		-	644,213
		•				
Total capital assets, depreciable	19,190,167		190,941		-	19,381,108
		•				
Accumulated depreciation:						
Buildings	1,180,406		393,468		-	1,573,874
Leasehold improvements	11,046		10,226		-	21,272
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	418,117		183,690		-	601,807
Computer equipment	350,304		133,711		-	484,015
				•		
Total accumulated depreciation	1,959,873		721,095		-	2,680,968
		•		•		
Net capital assets	\$ 17,230,294	\$	(530,154)	\$	-	\$ 16,700,140

Note 8 - Capital Assets (continued)

Provision for depreciation was charged to governmental activities as follows:

Instruction Operation of plant	\$ 317,401 403,694			
Total	\$ 721,095			

Note 9 - Capital Lease

The School entered into a capital lease arrangement with Red Apple, LLC for use of its facility. This lease arrangement was entered into as part of a transaction consisting of a bond issuance by the Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and Red Apple Development, Inc. (Note 11). The lease is through June 2056 and requires monthly principal and interest payments through June 2041. As of June 30, 2015, the net book value of the leased facility is approximately \$ 16,132,200. Amortization of the leased facility is included with depreciation expense.

Future minimum payments at June 30, 2015 are approximately as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016	246,205	1,727,220	1,973,425
2017	233,010	1,710,555	1,943,565
2018	190,190	1,695,920	1,886,110
2019	289,852	1,682,415	1,972,267
2020	396,489	1,660,310	2,056,799
2021-2025	2,430,355	7,854,156	10,284,511
2026-2030	3,450,671	6,833,455	10,284,126
2031-2035	4,983,852	5,299,197	10,283,049
2036-2040	7,235,584	3,046,059	10,281,643
2041	1,777,479	2,253,880	4,031,359
	\$ 21,233,687	\$ 33,763,167	\$ 54,996,854

Note 10 - Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in the School's long-term liabilities for fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, are as follows:

	_	Balance July 1, 2014	_	Additions		Retirements	Balance June 30, 2015	_	Amount Due Within One Year
Capital lease obligations, net of unamortized costs of \$ 865,436 Compensated absences	\$	20,564,743 8,093	\$	33,286 11,443	\$	229,778	\$ 20,368,251 19,536	\$	246,204 14,652
	\$	20,572,836	\$	44,729	\$_	229,778	\$ 20,387,787	\$	260,856

Note 11 - Commitments

Management agreement: The School has a formal agreement with Charter Schools USA, Inc. ("CSUSA") to manage, staff and operate the School. The agreement states that CSUSA shall be entitled to a management fee for its services, subject to availability of funds. The management fee is subordinated to all lease payment requirements. The management fee ranges from \$ 1,570,856 for fiscal year 2016 to \$ 2,111,099 for fiscal year 2026 as defined in the agreement or the budgeted amount approved by the Board of Directors.

Total management fees amounted to \$ 927,386 for the year ended June 30, 2015. In addition, the School has an amount which is due from the management company of \$ 31,661 and an accounts payable to CSUSA of \$ 4,912.

Lease agreement: In 2011, the Florida Development Finance Corporation (the "Corporation") issued \$86,055,000 in Tax Exempt Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2011A and \$3,180,000 in Taxable Educational Facilities Revenue Bonds, Series 2011B pursuant to an Indenture of Trust between the Corporation and a trustee to make a loan to Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. ("REN"), a division of which the School exists, and Red Apple Development, LLC and subsidiaries ("RAD") to finance the acquisition of the facilities of six charter schools existing under Renaissance Charter Schools, Inc. In order to secure the payment of the principal and interest on the bonds, the Corporation assigned all of its rights and interest in the loan agreement to the trustee. The bonds are payable from and secured by a lien upon and pledge of payments to be received by the trustee.

Concurrent with the preceding loan transaction, RAD, through its wholly-owned subsidiaries, entered into four lease agreements with REN. The facilities which are owned by RAD are leased by REN on behalf of the schools under a 45-year lease (Note 9). The leases are deemed to be capital leases and the capital lease payments are based on the debt service requirements of the bonds which extend through June 2041. These payments are made from the revenues received from the School Board of Miami-Dade County for the operation of the Schools. REN is obligated under the Indenture to deposit all Charter revenues received from the School Board and additional revenues, if any, directly with the trustee during the term of the lease. The payments are applied by the trustee to make sinking fund payments and pay for operating expenses.

In addition to the capital lease payments noted in Note 9, the School is required to pay incremental rent payments to RAD. Going forward, the incremental rent payments range from \$15,600 to \$138,900 per month over the term of the agreement which is through June 2041. For the year ending June 30, 2015, \$183,600 was paid in incremental rent.

Post-retirement benefits: The School does not provide post-retirement benefits to retired employees.

Litigation: The School is involved in a lawsuit incidental to its operations, the outcome of which, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, should not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the School.

Note 12 - Employee Benefit Plan

During the year ended June 30, 2015, the School offered all of its full-time employees, who had attained 21 years of age, a retirement plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(k). The employee is allowed to contribute up to a maximum of 20% of their annual gross compensation, subject to certain limitations. The School contributed a matching amount of \$4,569 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Note 13 - Capital Appropriations Funding

The Florida Department of Education has approved a Charter School Capital Outlay (CSCO) award for the School. In each year that funds are appropriated by the state for charter school capital outlay purposes, those funds are allocated among eligible charter schools. The funds for the School's allocation are transferred to the School once a CSCO Plan has been provided to and approved by the sponsoring district. The School's CSCO Award totaled \$513,425 for the 2014/2015 school year, which has been recognized as revenue in the accompanying financial statements. If the CSCO funds are used to acquire tangible property assets, the School Board has a reversionary interest in those assets. In the event of nonrenewal, termination, or breach of the charter school agreement, ownership of the assets would automatically revert to the School Board. The School has elected to use these funds to pay a portion of the interest expense on the capital lease.

Note 14 - Risk Financing

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets and natural disasters. The School has obtained property insurance from commercial companies including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance. There were no claims in excess of insurance coverage limits during the past three years.

As disclosed in Note 11, CSUSA employs all of the employees of the School. As a result, the School is not exposed to medical or workers' compensation claims for these individuals. In addition, CSUSA carries all required insurance including, but not limited to, general liability and errors and omissions insurance.

OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Keys Gate Charter High School Homestead, Florida

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Keys Gate Charter High School (the "School"), a Department of Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated August 27, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keefe McCullough

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Fort Lauderdale, Florida August 27, 2015



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

To the Board of Directors Keys Gate Charter High School Homestead, Florida

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the financial statements of Keys Gate Charter High School (the "School"), a Department of the Renaissance Charter School, Inc. and a component unit of the School Board of Miami-Dade County, Florida, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and have issued our report thereon dated August 27, 2015.

Auditor's Responsibility

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States and Chapter 10.850, Rules of the Auditor General.

Other Report

We have issued our Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of the Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. Disclosures in that report, which is dated August 27, 2015, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Prior Audit Findings

Section 10.854(1)(e)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no recommendations made in the preceding audit report.

Official Title

Section 10.854(1)(e)5., Rules of the Auditor General, requires the name or official title of the entity. The official title of the entity is Keys Gate Charter High School.

Financial Condition

Section 10.854(1)(e)2., Rules of the Auditor General, require that we report the results of our determination as to whether or not the School has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Pursuant to Sections 10.854(1)(e)6.a. and 10.855(12), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures for the School. It is management's responsibility to monitor the School's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Transparency

Sections 10.854(1)(e)7. and 10.855(13), Rules of the Auditor General, require that we report the results of our determination as to whether the School maintains on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes. In connection with our audit, we determined that the School maintained on its website the information specified in Section 1002.33(9)(p), Florida Statutes.

Other Matters

Section 10.854(1)(e)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.854(1)(e)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address noncompliance with provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse, that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but which warrants the attention of those charged with governance. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Purpose of this Letter

Our management letter is intended solely for the information and use of the Legislative Auditing Committee, members of the Florida Senate and the Florida House of Representatives, the Florida Auditor General, Federal and other granting agencies, the Board of Directors and applicable management and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE McCULLOUGH

Keefe McCullough

Fort Lauderdale, Florida August 27, 2015